2024 Carolyn P. Horchow Women's Health Symposium



Don't Stop Believin': Hope for treatment resistant mental illness

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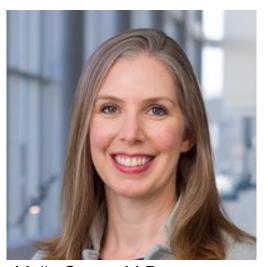
It's More Common Than You Think...

- 25% of adults will experience a major depressive episode in their lifetimes
- Over 30% of adults experience an anxiety disorder at some time in their lives
- Antidepressants are the most commonly prescribed medications in the U.S., followed by antihypertensive drugs
- More than 1 in 10 adults take antidepressant medications, which can be used to treat both depression and anxiety



"Older age should be a vibrant and joyful time of life. In fact, some studies show older adults are happier than younger adults. If someone recognizes that an older person is withdrawing from activities they used to enjoy, or not experiencing joy from the previously joyful parts of his or her life, then this is cause for additional evaluation and treatment."

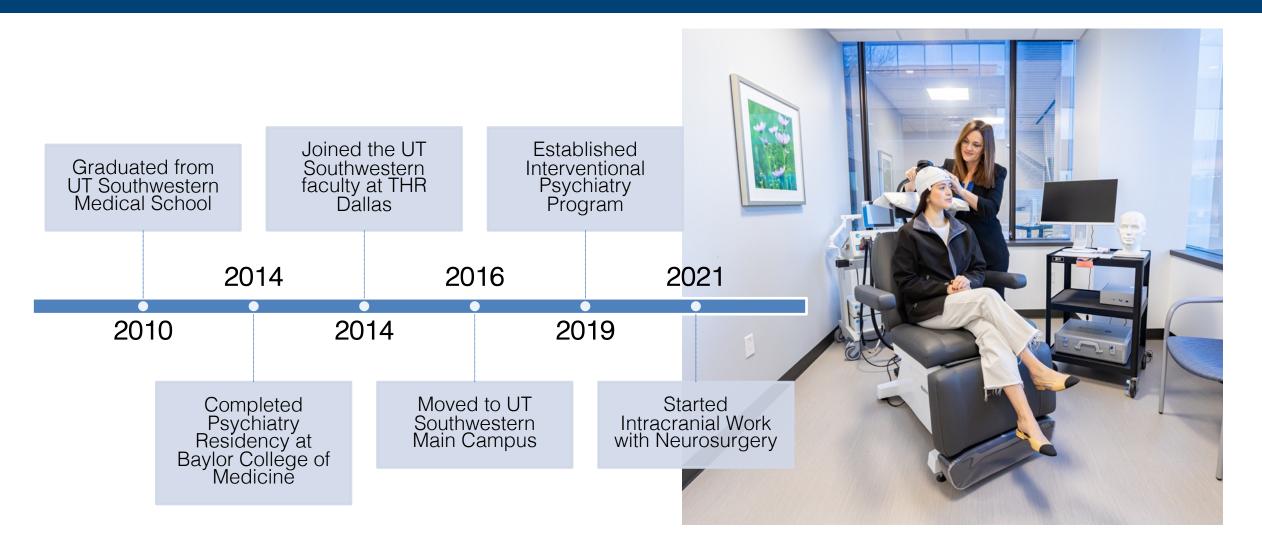




-Molly Camp, M.D.

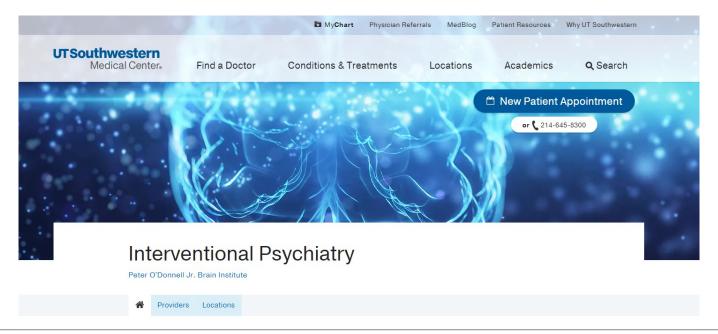
Clinical Director, Neuropsychiatry and Geriatric Psychiatry

My Journey



What Is Interventional Psychiatry?

- An emerging subspecialty of psychiatry that uses advanced brain stimulation procedures (TMS, ECT, MST, VNS, DBS) and specialized medical treatments (ketamine) for difficult-to-treat mental disorders
- Efficacy of antidepressants 30% of patients will be "treatment resistant"



Why UTSW?

- Fully integrated program with a single portal of entry
- Cutting edge treatments
 - FDA approved
 - Investigational
- Interdepartmental and interdisciplinary collaboration



Janice's Story



Electroconvulsive Therapy (ECT)

- Gold standard treatment for depression, 70-80% effective
- Effective for catatonia, psychosis, mania





Electroconvulsive Therapy (ECT) Myths

- 1. ECT is like *One Flew Over*the Cuckoo's Nest
- 2. ECT is a miracle cure
- 3. I'll get injured during the seizure
- 4. I'll have permanent brain damage



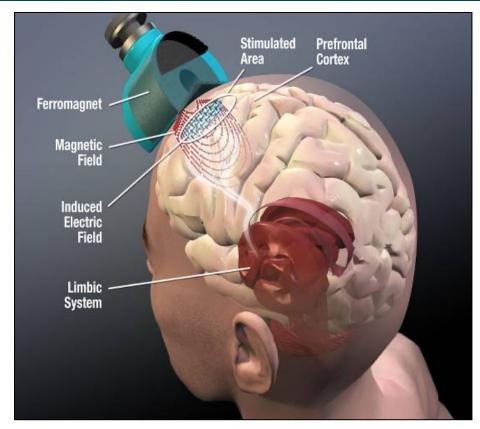
Magnetic Seizure Therapy





- Similar to ECT, but with magnetic stimulation instead of electricity
- Advantage = lower cognitive risk

Transcranial Magnetic Stimulation (TMS)





- Minimal side effects, no cognitive effects
- 30-40% effective

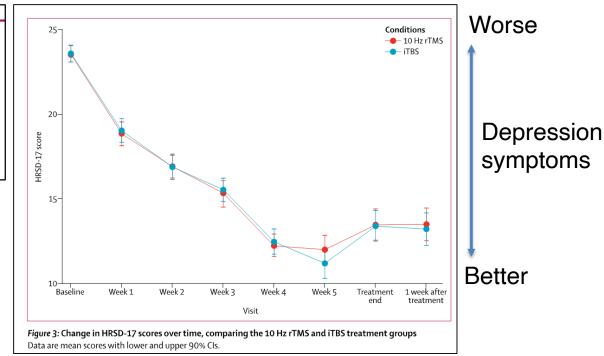
Transcranial Magnetic Stimulation (TMS)

■ Theta Burst TMS (iTBS) = much faster and equally effective

Effectiveness of theta burst versus high-frequency repetitive transcranial magnetic stimulation in patients with depression (THREE-D): a randomised non-inferiority trial

Daniel M Blumberger, Fidel Vila-Rodriguez, Kevin E Thorpe, Kfir Feffer, Yoshihiro Noda, Peter Giacobbe, Yuliya Knyahnytska, Sidney H Kennedy, Raymond W Lam, Zafiris J Daskalakis, Jonathan Downar

- Neuronavigation
- Accelerated protocols/SAINT
- Inpatient TMS



Blumberger et al. Lancet Psychiatry. 2018.

Alternative placements, new indications



Ketamine Based Treatments

- IV ketamine
- Spravato (esketamine)

• 50-60% effective

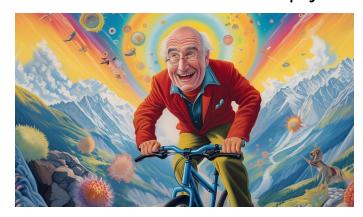


"What about oral ketamine?"



Psychedelics

- Psilocybin and MDMA are bothSchedule I drugs
- Psilocybin-assistedpsychotherapy for treatmentresistant depression
- MDMA-assisted therapy for PTSD



PREPARATION SESSIONS



The therapists develop the therapeutic relationship and prep the client on the psychedelic substance. The client is resourced with skills to mindfully navigate the psychedelic experience.

MEDICINE SESSIONS



The psychedelic is administered under medical supervision with the therapists present. The therapists provide a safe environment to help the client process the experience. Several sessions may be required.

INTEGRATION SESSIONS



After each medicine session, the therapists help the client process what they experienced. This often involves approaches that would normally be used to help process trauma. Several integration sessions are usually required.



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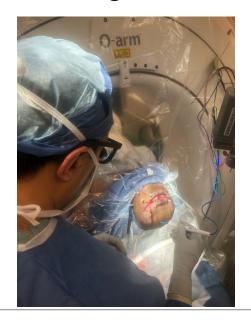
Deep Brain Stimulation (DBS)

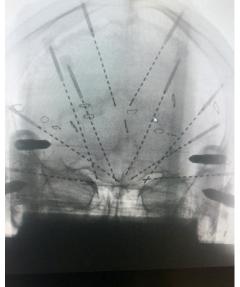
If your heart is sick, you get a pacemaker. But what happens if your brain is sick?

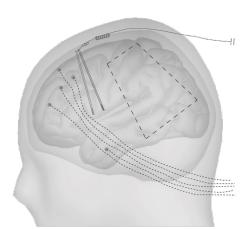
Cardiac Disease Brain Disease Cardiac Arrhythmia **Brain Arrhythmia Cardiac Pacemaker Brain Pacemaker**

Deep Brain Stimulation (DBS)

- Collaboration with Neurosurgery
- Investigating treatments for patients with depression, OCD and psychosis
- Advantages = DBS is removable and modifiable



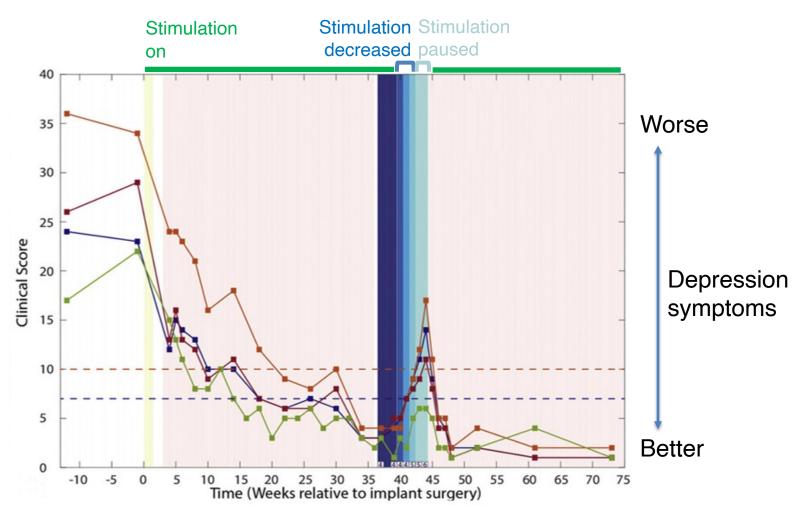






Nader Pouratian, M.D., Ph.D. Chair, Department of Neurosurgery

Study: Deep Brain Stimulation Improved Depression



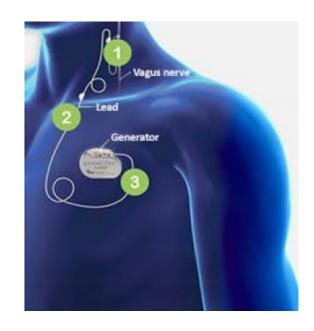
Sheth, Bijanki.... Pouratian. Biol Psychiatry. 2021 3223(21)01747-9



Vagus Nerve Stimulation (VNS)

- Another collaboration with Neurosurgery
- RECOVER study, currently enrolling patients with bipolar depression





How to Access Care

- Call 214-645-8500 and request an Interventional Psychiatry or Treatment Resistant Depression evaluation
- If inpatient care is required, call our intake number,
 PsychLink 214-630-7285,
 present to the nearest ER, or



call 911

Final Thoughts...

- Dangers of prolonged illness
- These are not last resort treatments
- There is HOPE



Questions?

Thank you!

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Interventional Psychiatry Clinic 214-645-8500